

Trees

Some basics of how they function and how to identify.

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for the KSC CALL program Tree Course ---March-April 2019

Planting and caring for trees are a way to touch the next generation

Trees-what good are they?

Aesthetics

Forest Products-

Pulp-lumber-firewood-fiber-maple syrup, etc

Air Conditioning/Filtering

CO₂>O₂, Carbon sequestration, Cooling

Soil Retention-Water Filtration

Wildlife Habitat/Food

Protection-wind,sun,visual

Other

Tree Needs

Sunlight

Water

Air—CO₂

Nutrients

Soil

Major physiological functions

Photosynthesis –process plants use to manufacture their own food Sunlight + carbon dioxide + water is used to produce sugars and oxygen



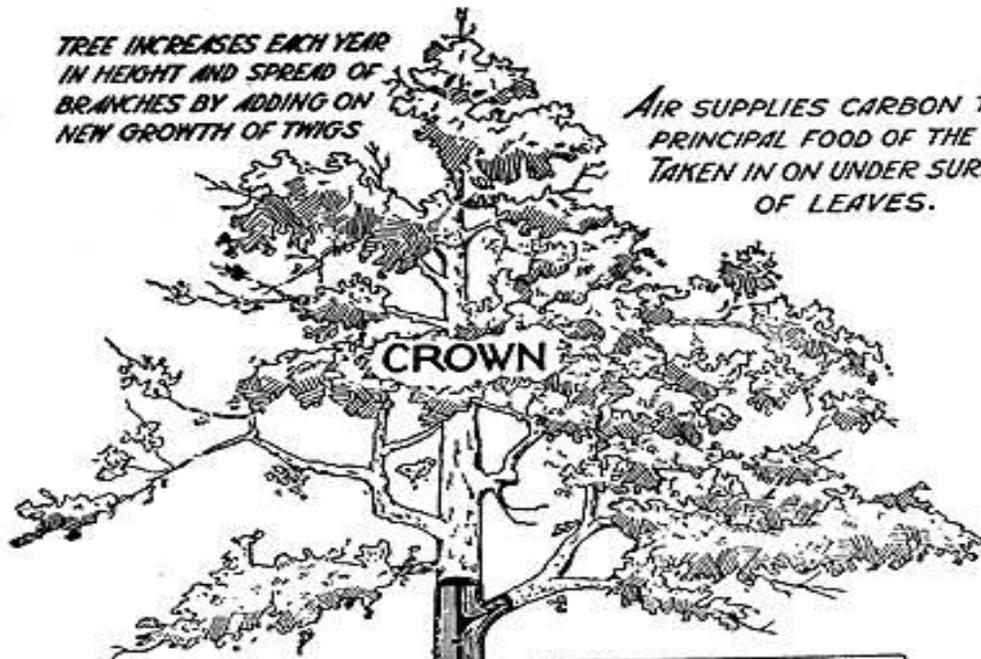
Respiration

Transpiration

Parts of a Tree

*TREE INCREASES EACH YEAR
IN HEIGHT AND SPREAD OF
BRANCHES BY ADDING ON
NEW GROWTH OF TWIGS*

*AIR SUPPLIES CARBON THE
PRINCIPAL FOOD OF THE TREE
TAKEN IN ON UNDER SURFACE
OF LEAVES.*



CROWN

*LEAVES PREPARE THE FOOD
OBTAINED FROM AIR AND SOIL
AND GIVE OFF MOISTURE BY
TRANSPIRATION. LIGHT AND HEAT
ARE NECESSARY FOR THE
CHEMICAL CHANGES*

TRUNK

HEARTWOOD (INACTIVE)
GIVES STRENGTH

SAPWOOD CARRIES SAP
FROM ROOT TO LEAVES

CAMBIUM (MICROSCOPIC)
BUILDS THE CELLS

INNER BARK CARRIES
PREPARED FOOD FROM
LEAVES TO CAMBIUM LAYER

OUTER BARK PROTECTS
TREE FROM INJURIES

SURFACE ROOTS

*THE BREATHING PORES OF THE
ENTIRE TREE, - ON LEAVES,
TWIGS, BRANCHES, TRUNK
AND ROOTS TAKE IN OXYGEN
FLOODING, POISONOUS GASES,
OR SMOKE MAY KILL A TREE*

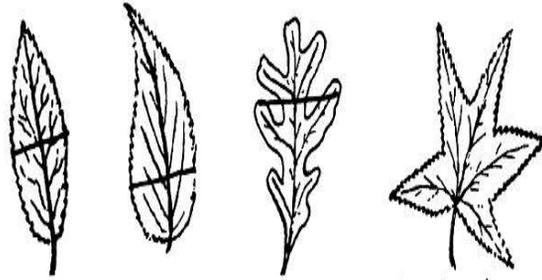
SURFACE
ROOTS

ROOTS

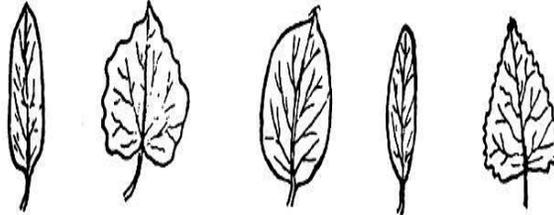
TAPROOT

*ROOT TIPS OR ROOT HAIRS
TAKE UP WATER CONTAINING
SMALL QUANTITY OF MINERALS
IN SOLUTION*

Leaf Shapes

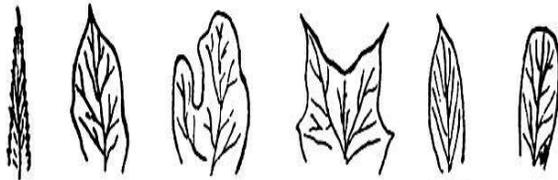


Lanceolate Ovate Obovate Star-shaped



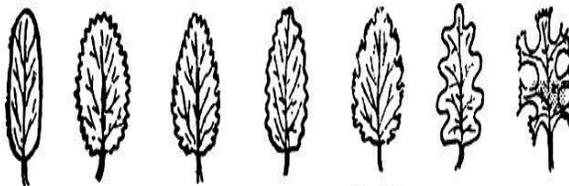
Linear or Heart-Shaped
Rectangular or Orbicular Oval Elliptical Deltoid

LEAF APEXES



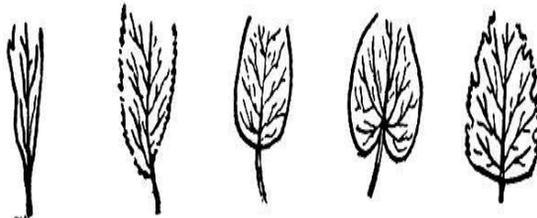
Acuminate Acute Obtuse Truncate Bristle Pointed Rounded

LEAF MARGINS



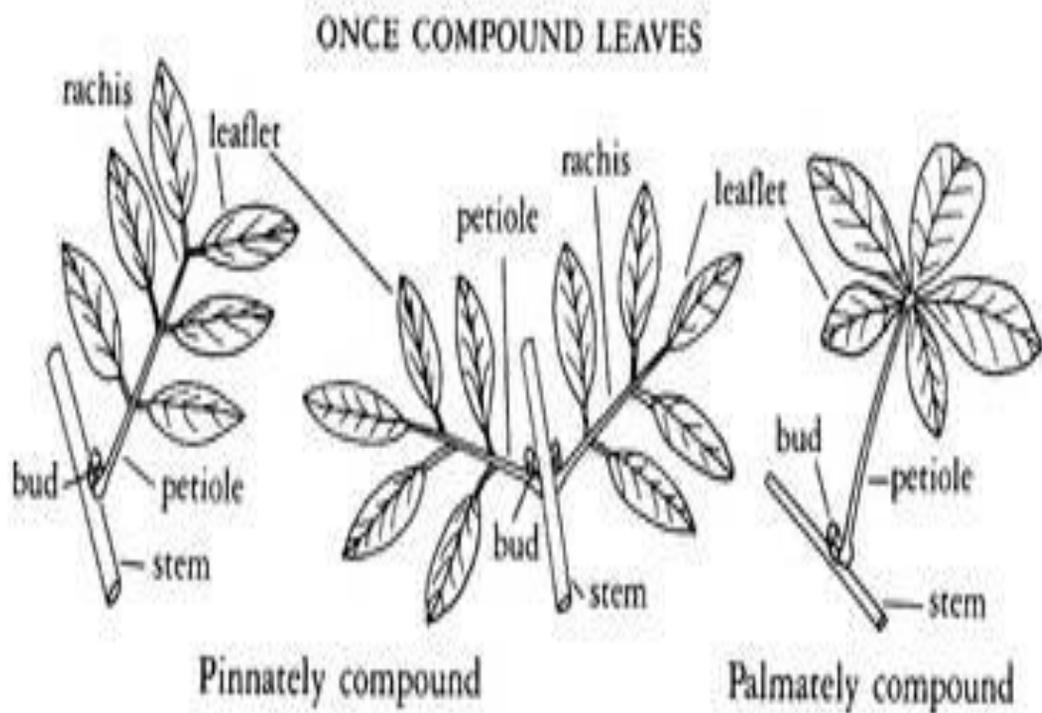
Entire Dentate Toothed or Serrate Sinuate or Wavy Doubly Serrate Lobed Incised

LEAF BASES



Wedge-Shaped or Cuneate Oblique or One-Sided Rounded Heart-Shaped or Cordate Truncate or Square

Leaf Structure



Seeds



Acorn
(Oak)



Multiple
Fruit
(Mulberry)



Nuts in
Prickly Bur
(Beech)



Drupe (Cherry)



Pod
(Locust)

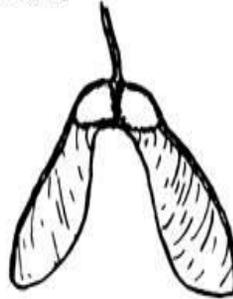
Flowers



Samara
(Elm)



Samara (Ash)



Samara
(Maple)

Cones



Cone (Pine)



Hairy Seed
(Willow)

Fruit



Nut in Husk
(Hickory)



Nuts in Bladder-Like B
(Hophornbeam)



Berry
(Persimmon)

A Nut-Like
Drupe
(Basswood)



Drupe
(Hackberry)



Winged Seed
(Pine)



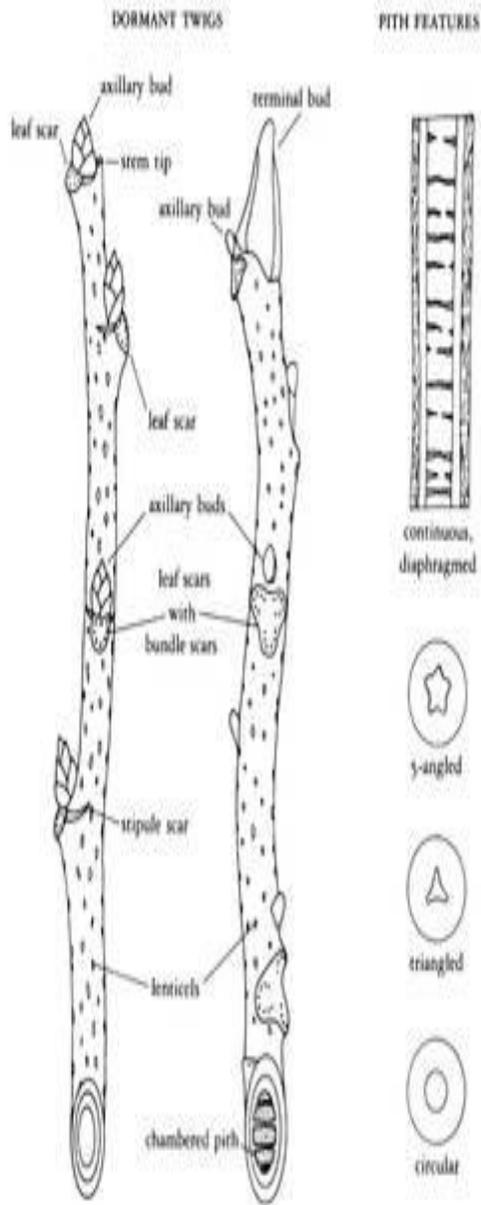
Multiple Fruit-
Achene Enlarged
(Sycamore)



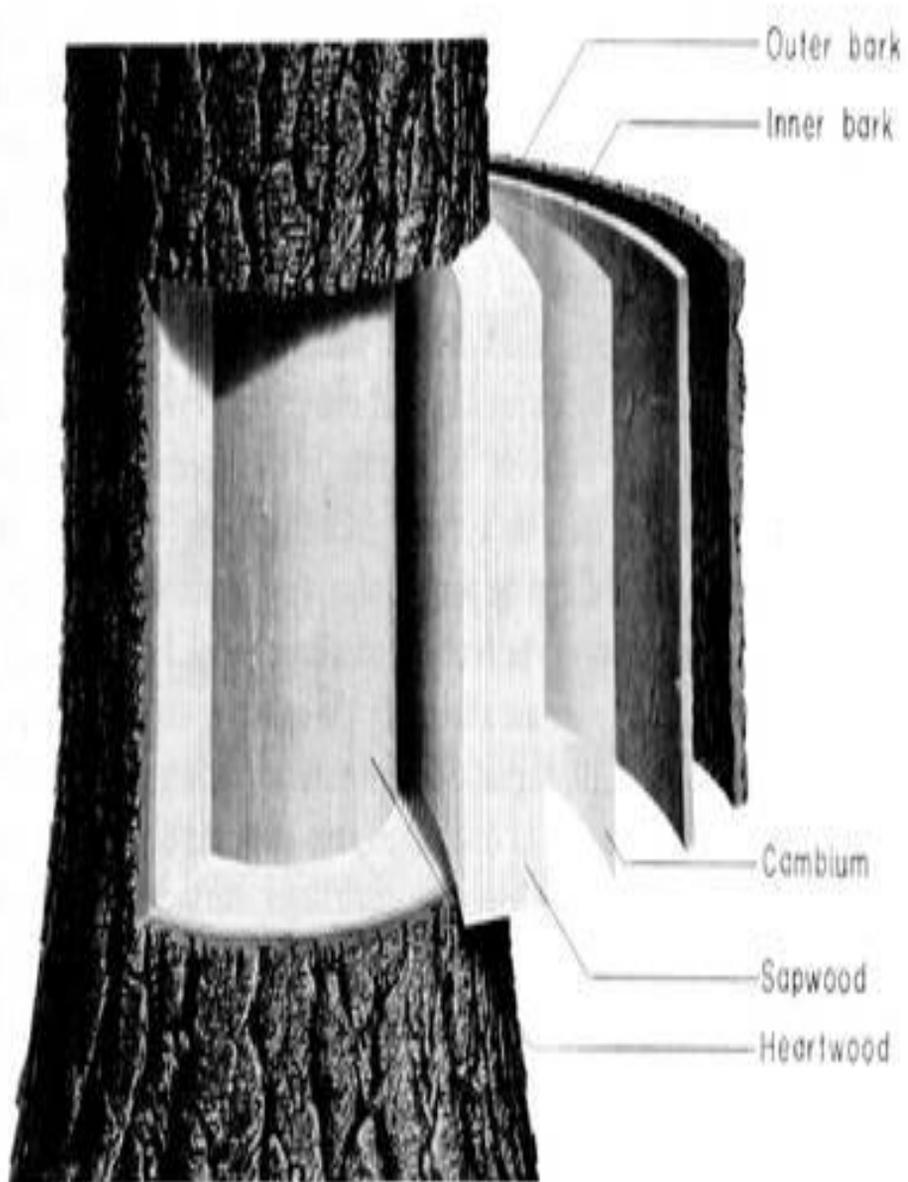
Nuts in Spiny Bur
(Chinkapin)

Vegetative Structures

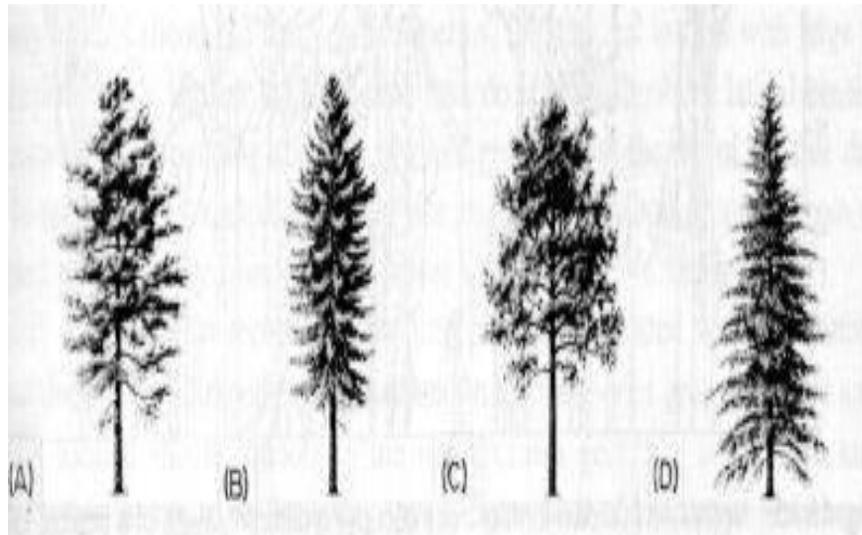
Twigs and Buds



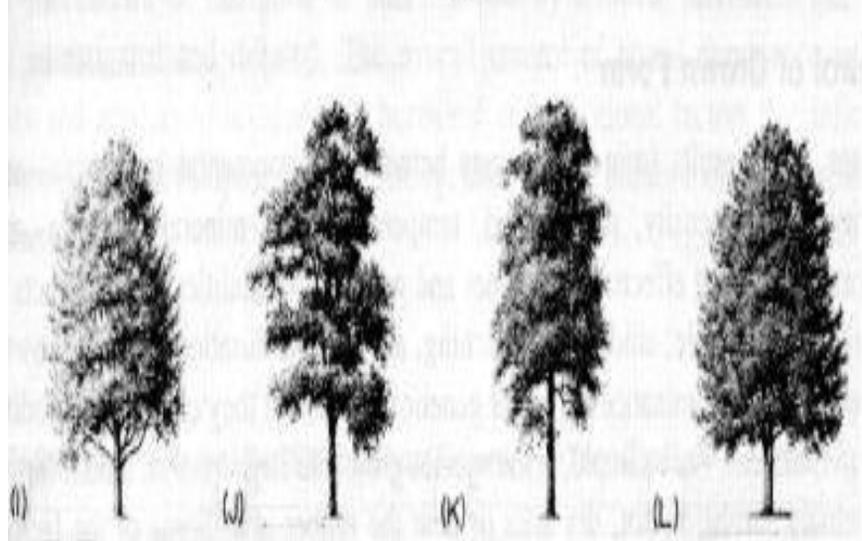
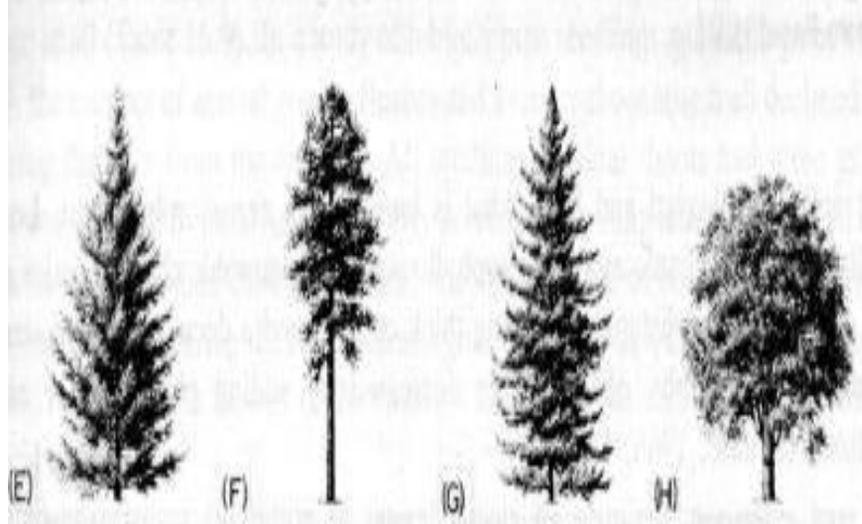
Bark

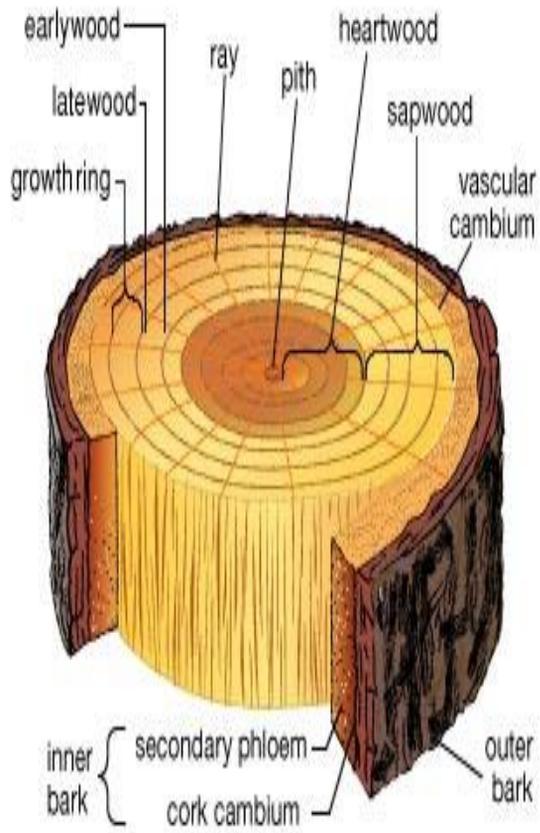


Tree



Shape





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The Inside Story

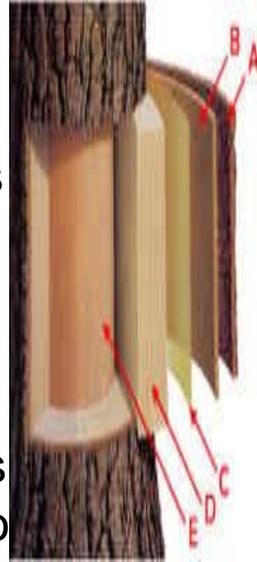
A. The **outer bark** is the tree's protection from the outside world. Continually renewed from within, it helps keep out moisture in the rain, and prevents the tree from losing moisture when the air is dry. It insulates against cold and heat and wards off insect enemies.

B. The **inner bark**, or "phloem", is pipeline through which food is passed to the rest of the tree. It lives for only a short time, then dies and turns to cork to become part of the protective outer bark.

C. The **cambium cell layer** is the growing part of the trunk. It annually produces new bark and new wood in response to hormones that pass down through the phloem with food from the leaves. These hormones, called "auxins", stimulate growth in cells. Auxins are produced by leaf buds at the ends of branches as soon as they start growing in spring.

D. **Sapwood** is the tree's pipeline for water moving up to the leaves. Sapwood is new wood. As newer rings of sapwood are laid down, inner cells lose their vitality and turn to heartwood.

E. **Heartwood** is the central, supporting pillar of the tree. Although dead, it will not decay or lose strength while the outer layers are intact. A composite of hollow, needlelike cellulose fibers bound together by a chemical glue called lignin, it is in many ways as strong as steel. A piece 12" long and 1" by 2" in cross section set vertically can support a weight of twenty tons



Sampling of Forestry/Tree Websites

- New Hampshire Division of Forests and Lands
 - <http://www.nhdfi.org/>
- UNH Cooperative Extension, Forestry and Wildlife Program
 - <http://nhwoods.org>
 - <http://extension.unh.edu/FWT/publications.htm>
- Wood Magic at Virginia Tech—interactive info for youth and educators
 - <http://woodmagic.vt.edu/>
 - <http://woodmagic.vt.edu/html/Activities/wpa1.htm>
 - <http://woodmagic.vt.edu/html/kids.htm>
 - <http://woodmagic.vt.edu/html/Activities/sitemap.htm>
- Wide variety of tree leaf pictures
 - <https://www.google.com/search?q=tree+leaf+pictures&hl=en&client=firefox-a&hs=oOF&rls=org.mozilla:enUS:official&prmd=imvns&tbn=isch&tbo=u&source=univ&sa=X&ei=P1RkUOvcO8X10gGV94GYAg&ved=0CCAQsAQ&biw=1280&bih=653>
- Wide variety of growth ring pictures
 - <https://www.google.com/search?q=tree+growth+rings&hl=en&client=firefox-a&sa=X&rls=org.mozilla:enUS:official&prmd=imvns&tbn=isch&tbo=u&source=univ&ei=9j1iUlJDConu9ATr94GQAg&ved=0CCMQsAQ&biw=1280&bih=653>
- Tree bark pictures
 - <https://www.google.com/search?q=tree+bark+pictures&hl=en&client=firefox-a&hs=fUF&rls=org.mozilla:enUS:official&prmd=imvns&tbn=isch&tbo=u&source=univ&sa=X&ei=qIVkULD4DuPy0gGiv4GoDg&ved=0CCAQsAQ&biw=1280&bih=653>
- Basic Tree Physiology paper
 - <http://joa.isa-arbor.com/request.asp?JournalID=1&ArticleID=1606&Type=2>
- What tree is it—interactive tree ID activities- Ohio Public Library Information Network
 - <http://www.oplin.org/tree/index.html>
- Wikipedia fall leaf color information
 - http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Autumn_leaf_color
- National Geographic Fall color information
 - http://news.nationalgeographic.com/news/2004/10/1005_041008_fallfoliage_2.html
- Fall Color info from “Science made Simple”
 - <http://www.sciencemadesimple.com/leaves.html>
- Tree ID info from Arbor Day Foundation
 - <http://www.arborday.org/trees/wtit/>
 - <http://www.arborday.org/trees/wtit/wtit.cfm>
- Wide range of forestry/tree information from forestry about.com
 - <http://forestry.about.com/>
 - http://forestry.about.com/cs/treeid/a/tree_id_web.htm
 - http://forestry.about.com/od/treephysiology/gr/tree_basic.htm
 - http://forestry.about.com/od/treephysiology/Tree_Structure_and_Physiology.htm
- Free leaf ID guide app
 - <http://leafsnap.com/>

Quotes

- Except during the nine months before he draws his first breath, no man manages his affairs as well as a tree does.
[George Bernard Shaw](#)
- I looked up my family tree and found out I was the sap.
[Rodney Dangerfield](#)
- Character is like a tree and reputation like a shadow. The shadow is what we think of it; the tree is the real thing. [Abraham Lincoln](#)
- Someone's sitting in the shade today because someone planted a tree a long time ago. [Warren Buffett](#)
- I looked up my family tree and found three dogs using it.
[Rodney Dangerfield](#)

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